

SAR Polarimetry Workstation Module: Description

The SAR Polarimetry Workstation is an add-on module to CATALYST Professional Essentials.

The SAR Polarimetry Workstation provides a complete set of tools and applications designed specifically for the processing and analysis of Polarimetric SAR (POLSAR) data. The SAR Polarimetry Workstation can:

- Assimilate a variety of POLSAR data products in their original distribution formats
- Map product-specific metadata to a set of standardized metadata items
- Provide multiple modes of manual target selection
- Provide a comprehensive set of target analysis operations with both numerical and graphical output
- Provide a comprehensive set of operations on entire datasets

CATALYST is a PCI Geomatics Enterprises Inc. brand, which has been introduced to put our leading-edge technology into the hands of decision makers. CATALYST provides proven algorithms rooted in photogrammetry and remote sensing to offer engineers, environmental management, and geospatial professionals access to leading edge and scalable software solutions and platforms.



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Module Prerequisites

The SAR Polarimetry Workstation is an add-on to CATALYST Professional Essentials bundle and comes included with the following bundles: SAR bundle, Complete bundle, Developer bundle.

POLSAR Data Support

The following table shows the supported fully polarimetric SAR sensors:

Sensor	Polarization type	Format
AIRSAR	Fully polarimetric	Complex
ALOS-1 PALSAR	Single Dual Fully polarimetric	Complex Detected Complex
ALOS-2 PALSAR (Compact)	Single Dual Fully polarimetric	Complex Detected Complex
Convair-580 (CV-580)	Fully polarimetric	Complex
Gaofen-3	Single Dual Fully polarimetric	Complex Detected Complex
RADARSAT Constellation Mission (RCM)	Single Dual Fully polarimetric	Complex Detected Complex
RADARSAT-2	Single Dual Fully polarimetric	Complex Detected Complex
SAOCOM	Single Dual Fully polarimetric	Complex Detected Complex
SIR-C	Fully polarimetric	Complex
TanDEM-X / TerraSAR-X	Single Dual Fully polarimetric	Complex Detected Complex
UAVSAR	Fully polarimetric	Complex



The following table shows the supported single or dual polarimetric SAR sensors:

Sensor	Polarization	Format
ASAR (ENVISAT)	Single Dual	Complex Detected
CAPELLA SPACE	Single	Complex Detected
Cosmo-SkyMed	Single Dual	Complex Detected
ERS	Single	Complex Detected
ICEYE	Single	Complex
Kompsat-5	Single Dual	Complex Detected
PAZ	Single Dual	Complex Detected
RADARSAT-1	Single	Complex Detected
RISAT-1 (Compact)	Single Dual	Complex Detected
Sentinel-1	Single Dual	Complex Detected

Metadata Support

Metadata support is crucial to the processing and analysis of POLSAR data. The SAR Polarimetry Workstation reads metadata from POLSAR data products and transforms them to the following standardized metadata items:

- File-level metadata items:
 - o Sensor Model Name
 - Sensor Type
 - Product Type
 - Acquisition Type
 - Matrix Type
 - SAR Calibration
 - Microwave Band



- Polarizations
- Number of Looks
- Number of Looks (range direction)
- Number of Looks (azimuth direction)
- Band-level metadata items:
 - Matrix Element

Most analysis operations on POLSAR data regard such data as a raster of matrices, rather than simply a multi-band raster. The matrices may be of different types: Scattering (complete and incomplete), covariance (complete and incomplete), coherency, and Kennaugh. The metadata read by the SAR Polarimetry Workstation includes items that identify the matrix type and map dataset bands to matrix elements.

Target Selection and Analysis

The SAR Polarimetry Workstation provides three modes of manual target selection that support a comprehensive set of target analysis operations and allows targets of any size and shape to be selected.

- SOUARE NEIGHBORHOOD
 - o Defines a target as a square neighborhood centered on a user-selected pixel
 - o The neighborhood dimension can be user-specified
 - The neighborhood can be as small as a single pixel
- ARBITRARY REGION
 - o Defines a target as the region enclosed by a user-digitized polygon
 - A rectangle sub-option allows you to quickly digitize exact rectangular polygons
- PIXEL PLUS CLUTTER ESTIMATION REGION
 - Defines a target as a user-selected pixel plus four nearby square regions that are used for estimating clutter
 - The user-specified neighborhood is the size of the square that encloses the overall target
 - The user-specified gap size is the space between the clutter-estimation regions

Target Analysis - Numerical Output

The following target analysis operations that produce numeric (text) output are available:

- Scattering matrix
- Covariance matrix
- Coherency matrix
- Kennaugh matrix
- Correlation coefficient
- Pedestal height



- Total power
- Intensity ratio
- Coefficient of variation
- Fractional polarization
- Polarimetric discriminators
- Pauli component
- Phase difference
- Freeman-Durden parameters
- Van Zyl classification
- Cloude-Pottier parameters
- Huynen parameters
- Cameron parameters

The output from these operations is written to the Numerical Output window. Functionality includes:

- Numerical output automatically regenerated when a new target is selected
- Contents of numerical output window can be exported to a file
- Clear contents of numerical output window at any time

Target Analysis - Graphical Output

The following target analysis operations that produce graphical output are available:

- Polarization response plot (co-polarized and cross-polarized); the plot can be interactively rotated
- Histogram plot of selected parameters derived from matrix elements for extended targets
- 2-D and 3-D scatterplot of selected parameters are derived from matrix elements for extended targets. 3-D scatterplots can be interactively rotated

Output graphs can be exported to the following formats:

- Postscript
- PNG
- GIF

Functions

With a license for the SAR Polarimetric Workstation, the following programs can be executed either independently or sequentially via an EASI™ or Python™ script. They may also be available in the Algorithm Librarian in CATALYST Professional's Focus and Modeler applications.



- PSBOXCAR POLSAR dataset, averaging filter dimensions, and a flag indicating whether the averaging in the range or azimuth directions or bi-directionally to replacement POLSAR channels containing the boxcar-filtered data
- PSCC Contains fully-polarized MLC data and a polarization band selection to a realvalues channel representing the complex correlation coefficient if the bands are complex and the non-complex correlation coefficient if the bands are real
- PSCLOPOT A PCIDSK file that contains entropy, α -angle, and anisotropy feature space to an integer channel in a PCIDSK file that contains the Cloude and Pottier unsupervised classification result
- PSCOMDEC Applies decompositions to polarimetric SAR imagery
- PSCOMDIS Calculates polarimetric discriminators
- PSCOMPACT Creates a compact pol data set from the standard configurations
- PSCONF Estimates the conformity coefficient for each pixel
- PSCONV Converts between different polarimetric SAR matrix representations
- PSEABA Contains fully-polarized MLC data and angular-units flag to four real-values channels that represent entropy, α -angle, β -angle, and anisotropy
- PSFARA Estimates Faraday rotation from fully polarimetric scattering data
- PSFREDUR Contains fully-polarized MLC data to three real-values channels that represent rough-surface scattering, double-bounce scattering, and canopy scattering contributions
- PSG4U2 Estimates the new general four-component scattering power decomposition with unitary transformation of the coherency matrix
- PSINANG Contains an explicit or virtual incident angle array to a real-values channel that contains a nominal incident-angle map
- PSINTRAT Contains dual-polarized or fully-polarized SLC, MLC, or MLD data and polarization channel pair selection to a real-valued channel in a representing intensity ratio
- PSKROG Estimates Krogager decomposition (sphere, diplane, and helix) from fully polarimetric data
- PSPEDHT Contains fully-polarized SLC or MLC data and a flag indicating co-polarized or cross-polarized to a real-values channel that represents the pedestal height
- PSPHDIFF Contains dual-polarized or fully-polarized SLC or MLC data, a polarization channel pair selection, and angular units flag to a real-valued channel representing phase difference
- PSPHDW Estimates the power contributions for plate, helix, diplane and wire
- PSPOLDIS Contains fully-polarized MLC data and a list of polarimetric discriminators to evaluate one or more real-valued channels representing the selected polarimetric discriminators
- PSPOLFIL Contains fully-polarized SLC or MLC data and dimensions of the filter window to speckle-filtered replacement channels
- PSPOLSYN Contains fully-polarized SLC or MLC data to a real-valued channel that represents synthesized backscatter for arbitrary transmit and receive polarizations



- PSPOLSYNC Contains fully-polarized SLC or MLC data and bitmaps that represents two regions to a real-valued channel and synthesized backscatter that maximizes contrast between the two regions
- PSPOLSYNR Contains fully-polarized SLC or MLC data and a bitmap that represents a region to a real-valued channel and synthesized backscatter that maximizes return from the region
- PSRECONS Creates a pseudo-full polarimetric covariance matrix
- PSS2C Generates two user-defined coherent channels from fully polarimetric data sets. This module can be used to synthesize any arbitrary pair of polarizations (for example, RH, VV) or compact polarimetric data sets (for example, RH, RV)
- PSSSCM Contains fully-polarized SLC data to an integer channel that contains the symmetric scattering characterization method classification results
- PSSWIS Contains fully-polarized SLC or MLC data and class training statistics to integer channel that contain the supervised Wishart classification result
- PSTOTPOW Contains fully-polarized SLC, MLC, or MLD data to a real-values channel that represents the total power
- PSTOUZIDEC Touzi decomposition¹
- PSTOUZIDIS Touzi discriminator
- PSUSWIS A PCIDSK file that contains fully-polarized MLC data and either Freeman-Durden or Cloude and Pottier unsupervised classification results (see PSFREDUR or PSCLOPOT) to an integer channel that contains the unsupervised Wishart classification result
- PSVANZYL Contains fully-polarized MLC channel to an integer channel representing the van Zyl unsupervised classification results
- PSWHITE Contains fully-polarized SLC data to a real-valued channel that represents a 'whitened' single-look image

¹ The **Touzi SAR filter algorithm** that is incorporated into the EASI program and the Modeler module FSPEC was developed by Dr. Ridha Touzi of the Canada Centre for Remote Sensing (CCRS) and is licensed from Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Canada, represented by the Minister of Natural Resources.